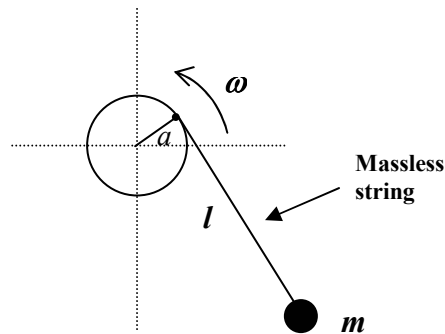


**The University of Alabama at Birmingham (UAB)**  
**Department of Physics**

PH 462/562 – Classical Mechanics II – Spring 2006

**Assignment # 7**      Due: **Thursday, March 16**

1. Study **Section 7.2 & 7.3** in Textbook as follows:
  - a. Read text.
  - b. Reproduce all derivations in detail with pencil and paper.
  - c. Work **Example 7.3** (p. 255) independently and compare your solution with Taylor's. Repeat until you are convinced you understand the example.
  - d. Do the same as above for **Example 7.4** (p. 257).
  - e. Turn in your notes and worked examples for credit.
  
2. Work textbook problems: **7.9, 7.10, 7.11, 7.14, 7.15, 7.16, 7.24, 7.27**
  
3. Consider the motion of a plane pendulum of length  $l$  with mass  $m$  whose point of suspension rotates uniformly with angular speed  $\omega$  on the circumference of a vertical circle of radius  $a$ . (figure below).



Choose an appropriate set of generalized coordinates to describe the motion of mass  $m$  and use the Lagrangian method to find its equation of motion. Show that when  $\omega \rightarrow 0$  your equation reduce to the equation for the simple pendulum.